Triacs sensitive gate

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Passivated, sensitive gate triacs in a plastic envelope, intended for use in general purpose bidirectional switching and phase control applications, where high sensitivity is required in all four quadrants.

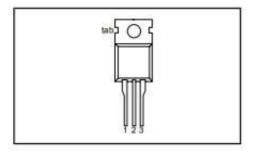
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{DRM} I _{T(RMS)} I _{TSM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	600E 600 16 140	800E 800 16 140	V A A

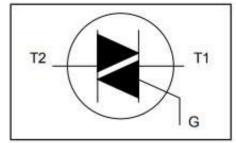
PINNING - TO220AB

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	main terminal 1
2	main terminal 2
3	gate
tab	main terminal 2

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MA	X.	UNIT
V _{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		25.1	-600 6001	-800 800	V
I _{T(RMS)} I _{TSM}	RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; T _{mb} ≤ 99 °C full sine wave; T _j = 25 °C prior to surge		10		A
		t = 20 ms	23	14		A A A ² s
I²t	I ² t for fusing	t = 16.7 ms t = 10 ms	-0	15		A A20
dl _T /dt	Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after	I _{TM} = 20 A; I _G = 0.2 A; dI _G /dt = 0.2 A/us	7.5	90	5	AS
	triggering	T2+ G+	2	50		A/µs
	199	T2+ G-		50	0	A/µs
		T2- G- T2- G+		50		A/µs
15	Peak gate current	12- 6+	10	10	,	A/µs
V _{GM}	Peak gate voltage			10 2 5 5		V
PGM	Peak gate power			5		w
PG(AV)	Average gate power	over any 20 ms period	2	0.	5	W
T _{stg}	Storage temperature Operating junction temperature	Management of the Section of the Sec	-40 -	15 12		o°o°8

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 15 A/μs.

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
R _{th j-mb} R _{th j-a}	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base Thermal resistance junction to ambient	full cycle half cycle in free air		- 60	1.2 1.7	K/W K/W K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

T = 25 °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
I _{GT}	Gate trigger current	V _D = 12 V; I _T = 0.1 A	1			
-GI		T2+ G+	¥ .	2.5	10	mA
		T2+ G-	-	4.0	10	mA
		T2- G-	- 2	5.0	10	mA
		T2- G+	¥ .	11	25	mA
l.	Latching current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	1	5503	200	95500
		T2+ G+	2	3.2	30	mA
		T2+ G-	¥1	16	40	mA
		T2- G-		4.0	30	mA
	WW 1995	T2- G+	- 5	5.5	40	mA
l _H	Holding current	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_{GT} = 0.1 \text{ A}$	¥1	4.0	30	mA
I _н V _т	On-state voltage	I _T = 20 A		1.2	1.6	V
V _{GT}	Gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 12 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}$		0.7	1.5	V
GI		$V_D = 400 \text{ V}; I_T = 0.1 \text{ A}; T_i = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.25	0.4		V
I _D	Off-state leakage current	V _D = V _{DRM(max)} , T _j = 125 °C	1212	0.1	0.5	mA

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

T_i = 25 °C unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV _D /dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	V _{DM} = 67% V _{DRM(max)} ; T _j = 125 °C; exponential waveform; gate open circuit	-	50	155	V/µs
t _{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	$I_{TM} = 20 \text{ A}$; $V_D = V_{DRM(max)}$; $I_G = 0.1 \text{ A}$; $dI_G/dt = 5 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	*	2	37#3	μs

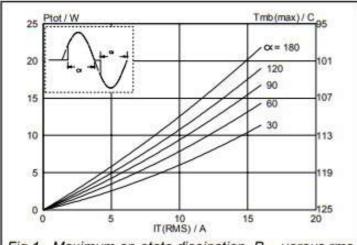
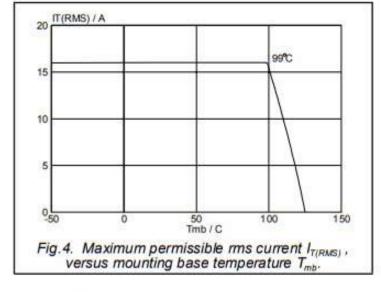


Fig. 1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{100} , versus rms on-state current, $I_{T(RMS)}$, where α = conduction angle.



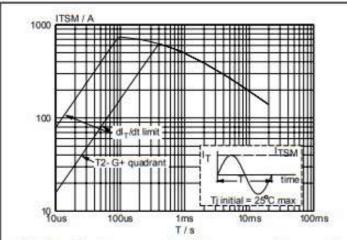


Fig. 2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_p , for sinusoidal currents, $t_p \le 20$ ms.

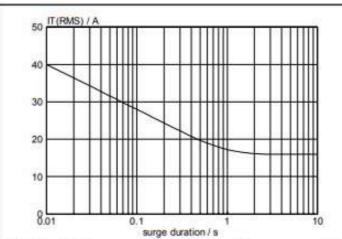


Fig. 5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz; $T_{mb} \le 99 ^{\circ}\text{C}$.

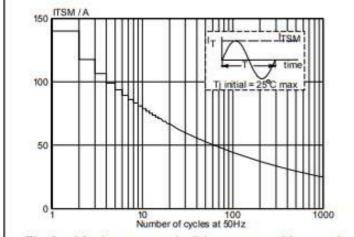


Fig.3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM}, versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, f = 50 Hz.

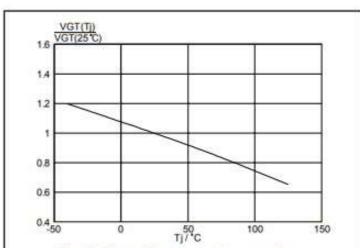
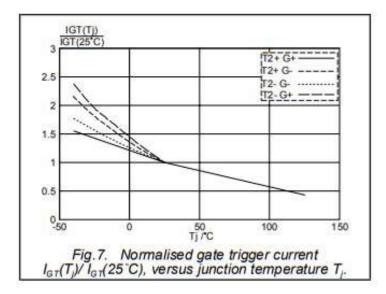
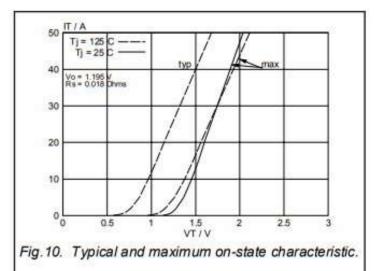
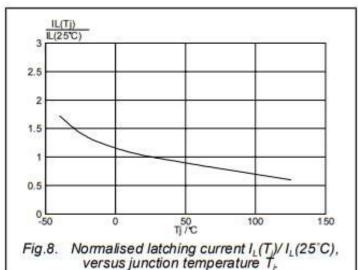


Fig.6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_i)/V_{GT}(25^{\circ}C)$, versus junction temperature T_i .







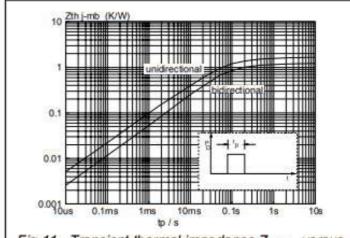
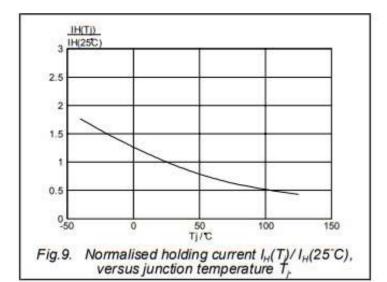


Fig.11. Transient thermal impedance $Z_{th,j-mb}$, versus pulse width t_p .



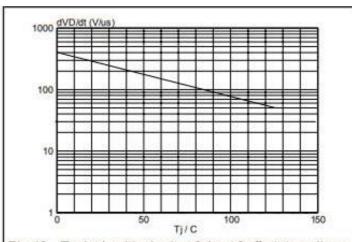
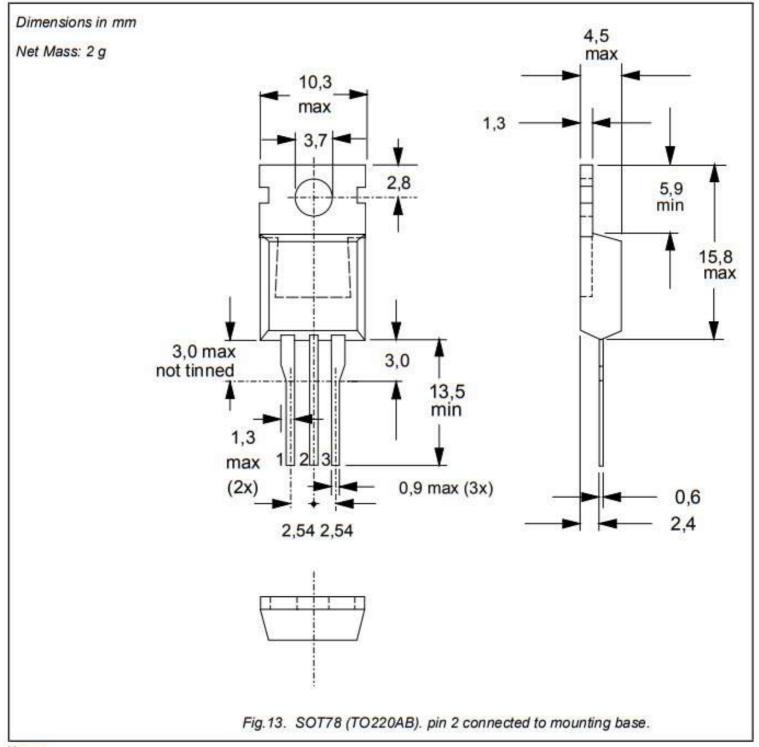


Fig. 12. Typical, critical rate of rise of off-state voltage, dV_D/dt versus junction temperature T,

MECHANICAL DATA



Notes

- Refer to mounting instructions for SOT78 (TO220) envelopes.
 Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

Triacs sensitive gate

DEFINITIONS

DATA SHEET STA	TUS			
DATA SHEET STATUS ²	PRODUCT STATUS ³	DEFINITIONS		
Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice		
Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in ordere to improve the design and supply the best possible product		
Product data	Production	This data sheet contains data from the product specification. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time in order to improve the design, manufacturing and supply. Changes will be communicated according to the Customer Product/Process Change Notification (CPCN) procedure SNW-SQ-650A		

Limiting values

Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

Philips Electronics N.V. 2001

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.

The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, it is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can be reasonably expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

² Please consult the most recently issued datasheet before initiating or completing a design.

³ The product status of the device(s) described in this datasheet may have changed since this datasheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.